Write An SQL Query To Fetch The List Of Employees With The Same Salary.

**Ans.**

The required query is:

Select distinct W.WORKER\_ID, W.FIRST\_NAME, W.Salary

from Worker W, Worker W1

where W.Salary = W1.Salary

and W.WORKER\_ID != W1.WORKER\_ID;

Write An SQL Query To Show One Row Twice In Results From A Table.

**Ans.**

The required query is:

select FIRST\_NAME, DEPARTMENT from worker W where W.DEPARTMENT='HR'

union all

select FIRST\_NAME, DEPARTMENT from Worker W1 where W1.DEPARTMENT='HR';

Write An SQL Query To Fetch The First 50% Records From A Table.

**Ans.**

The required query is:

SELECT \*

FROM WORKER

WHERE WORKER\_ID <= (SELECT count(WORKER\_ID)/2 from Worker);

Write An SQL Query To Fetch The Last Five Records From A Table.

**Ans.**

The required query is:

SELECT \* FROM Worker WHERE WORKER\_ID <=5

UNION

SELECT \* FROM (SELECT \* FROM Worker W order by W.WORKER\_ID DESC) AS W1 WHERE W1.WORKER\_ID <=5;

 Write An SQL Query To Print The Name Of Employees Having The Highest Salary In Each Department.

**Ans.**

The required query is:

SELECT t.DEPARTMENT,t.FIRST\_NAME,t.Salary from(SELECT max(Salary) as TotalSalary,DEPARTMENT from Worker group by DEPARTMENT) as TempNew

Inner Join Worker t on TempNew.DEPARTMENT=t.DEPARTMENT

and TempNew.TotalSalary=t.Salary;